

หนังสือเรียน รายวิชาเพิ่มเติม ภาษาอังกฤษ (ทักษะอ่าน-เขียน) กลุ่มสาระการเรียนรู้ภาษาต่างประเทศ



Progress in Reading & Collins Writing Book 2

ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 5

ตามหลักสูตรแกนกลางการศึกษาขั้นพื้นฐาน พุทธศักราช 2551



Collins

หนังสือเรียน รายวิชาเพิ่มเติม ภาษาอังกฤษ (ทักษะอ่าน-เขียน) กลุ่มสาระการเรียนรู้ภาษาต่างประเทศ

Progress in Reading & Writing Book 2

ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 5

ตามหลักสูตรแกนกลางการศึกษาขั้นพื้นฐาน พุทธศักราช 2551

ผู้เรียบเรียง

Caroline Bentley-Davies

Gareth Calway

Nicola Copitch

Steve Eddy

Najoud Ensaff

Mike Gould

Matthew Tett

ผู้ตรวจ

เพ็ญมาส กำเหนิดโทน

มนนิภา พฤกษพงศ์

สุดา ใบแย้ม

บรรณาธิการ

พิรุณ ติลภัทร

William Collins' dream of knowledge for all began with the publication of his first book in 1819. A self-educated mill worker, he not only enriched millions of lives, but also founded a flourishing publishing house. Today, staying true to this spirit, Collins books are packed with inspiration, innovation and practical expertise. They place you at the centre of a world of possibility and give you exactly what you need to explore it.

Collins. Freedom to teach.

Published by Collins

An imprint of HarperCollins*Publishers* 77–85 Fulham Palace Road Hammersmith London W6 8JB

Browse the complete Collins catalogue at www.collins.co.uk

MAC agrees to provide the following notice and credit to COLLINS in respect of the Adapted Works and all publicity, advertising, promotional and packaging material relating to the marketing and distribution thereto:

Copyright © HarperCollins Publishers Ltd and MAC Education 2017

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 ISBN 978-0-00-754753-1

ISBN 978-616-274-914-8 (Local Thailand ISBN)

Caroline Bentley-Davies, Gareth Calway, Nicola Copitch, Steve Eddy, Najoud Ensaff, Mike Gould, and Matthew Tett assert their moral rights to be identified as the authors of this work.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the Publisher or a licence permitting restricted copying in the United Kingdom issued by the Copyright Licensing Agency Ltd, 90 Tottenham Court Road, London W1T 4LP.

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data A Catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library.

Commissioned by Catherine Martin
Series editors Gareth Calaway and Mike Gould
Project managed by Sonya Newland
Edited in-house by Alicia Higgins
Proofread by Kelly Davis
Designed by Joerg Hartmannsgruber
Typeset by 320 Media
Cover design by Angela English
Printed and bound by L.E.G.O S.p.A. Italy

With thanks to Jackie Newman and Kim Williams.



ข้อมูลทางบรรณานุกรมของสำนักหอสมุดแห่งชาติ

Progress in Reading & Writing 2.-- กรุงเทพฯ : แม็คเอ็ดดูเคชั่น, 2561

92 หน้า

1. ภาษาอังกฤษ--การศึกษาและการสอน (มัธยมศึกษา). I เบนท์ลีย์-เดวี่ส์, แคโรไลน์. II. ชื่อเรื่อง.

428.24

ISBN 978-616-274-914-8

จัดพิมพ์และจัดจำหน่ายโดย

MAZIMACEDUCATION

ส่งธนาณัติสั่งจ่าย ไปรษณีย์ลาดพร้าว ในนาม บริษัท แม็คเอ็ดดูเคชั่น จำกัด

เลขที่ 9/99 อาคารแม็ค ซอยลาดพร้าว 38 ถนนลาดพร้าว แขวงจันทรเกษม เขตจตุจักร กรุงเทพฯ 10900

🕿 0-2938-2022-7 โทรสาร 0-2938-2028

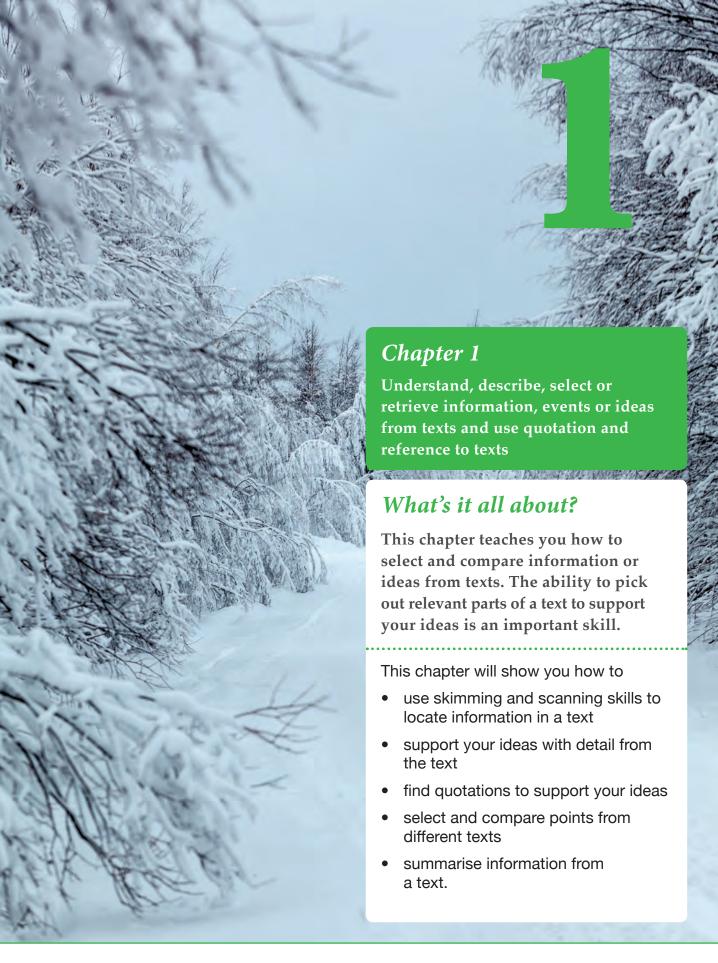
www.**MAC**education.com

พิมพ์ที่ : บริษัท พี อาร์ คัลเลอร์พริ้นท์ จำกัด

Contents

	Chapter 1 Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, eve deas from texts and use quotation and reference to texts	nts or 5
	Use skimming and scanning skills to locate information in a text	6
	2 Support your ideas with detail from the text	8
;	3 Find quotations to support your ideas	10
	4 Select and compare points from different texts	12
	5 Summarise information from a text	16
	Check your progress	18
	Chapter 2 Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts	19
	Make inferences from what you read	20
	2 Make sense of information from different points in the text	22
	3 Make deductions about themes, characters and events (Part 1)	24
	4 Make deductions about themes, characters and events (Part 2)	26
	5 Infer viewpoint from a non-fiction text	28
	Check your progress	30
	Chapter 3 Identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts	
	<u> </u>	31
	1 Understand the organisation of different texts	31
	1 Understand the organisation of different texts	32
	Understand the organisation of different textsUnderstand how a text is structured and organised	32 34
	 Understand the organisation of different texts Understand how a text is structured and organised Understand the use of headings and bullet points 	32 34 36
	 Understand the organisation of different texts Understand how a text is structured and organised Understand the use of headings and bullet points Understand the structure of stories 	32 34 36 38
	 Understand the organisation of different texts Understand how a text is structured and organised Understand the use of headings and bullet points Understand the structure of stories Comment on the form of a poem 	32 34 36 38 42 44
(Understand the organisation of different texts Understand how a text is structured and organised Understand the use of headings and bullet points Understand the structure of stories Comment on the form of a poem Check your progress Chapter 4 Explain and comment on writers' use of language, including	32 34 36 38 42 44
(Understand the organisation of different texts Understand how a text is structured and organised Understand the use of headings and bullet points Understand the structure of stories Comment on the form of a poem Check your progress Chapter 4 Explain and comment on writers' use of language, including ammatical and literary features at word and sentence level 	32 34 36 38 42 44
(Understand the organisation of different texts Understand how a text is structured and organised Understand the use of headings and bullet points Understand the structure of stories Comment on the form of a poem Check your progress Chapter 4 Explain and comment on writers' use of language, including ammatical and literary features at word and sentence level Understand writers' word choices 	32 34 36 38 42 44 45
(<u>(</u>	1 Understand the organisation of different texts 2 Understand how a text is structured and organised 3 Understand the use of headings and bullet points 4 Understand the structure of stories 5 Comment on the form of a poem Check your progress Chapter 4 Explain and comment on writers' use of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level 1 Understand writers' word choices 2 Comment on similes	32 34 36 38 42 44 45 46 48
	1 Understand the organisation of different texts 2 Understand how a text is structured and organised 3 Understand the use of headings and bullet points 4 Understand the structure of stories 5 Comment on the form of a poem Check your progress Chapter 4 Explain and comment on writers' use of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level 1 Understand writers' word choices 2 Comment on similes 3 Understand how writers use sentences	32 34 36 38 42 44 45 46 48 50

	Chapter 5 Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader 57				
1	Write and talk about the purpose of a text	58			
2	Write and talk about the viewpoint of the writer	60			
3	Use your understanding of viewpoint in your own writing	62			
4	Write and talk about the effect of a text on the reader	64			
5	Write and talk about the effect of a writer's choices of words and grammar	66			
	Check your progress	68			
	apter 6 Relate texts to their social, cultural and historical	60			
แล	ditions	69			
1	Identify different times, places and social settings in texts	70			
2	Identify character and setting in texts	72			
3	Recognise texts from the same genre	74			
4	Identify character and setting in texts from different times	76			
	Check your progress	78			
Ch	apter 7 Longer texts and reading activities	79			
1	VW campervan hire website	80			
2	England's most-capped player	82			
3	Scary play by Judith Johnson	84			
4	The Dark Woods - A Travel Guide	86			
5	Forest of Doom by Jennie Walters	88			



Use skimming and scanning skills to locate information in a text

Learning objective

 use skimming and scanning techniques.

Skimming and scanning will help you find the information you need to answer questions about a text. *Skimming* means looking at a text quickly to get a general idea of its contents. *Scanning* is running your eyes over a text to look for specific bits of information.

Getting you thinking

Read this extract from a profile of Tiger Woods:

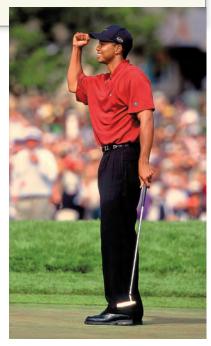
When Tiger won the US Masters in 1997, he was only 21 years old. In winning, he broke lots of records. He won the title by 12 strokes, which was the biggest ever victory at the US Masters. He also became the youngest champion in 61 years.

In 2000, Tiger won the US Open again by an amazing 15 stroke margin. He has won the US Open three times so far. Tiger is the youngest ever player to achieve the number one world ranking.

First, *skim* the text to find out what it is about. You might say:

The article is about Tiger Woods. It's about his victories on the golf course and all the tournaments he has won.

- Now *scan* the text for the answers to these questions.
 - a) At what age did Tiger Woods first win the US Masters?
 - b) By how many strokes did he win the US Open in 2000?
 - c) How many times has Tiger Woods won the US Open?



To find specific pieces of information, you need to scan the text for key words or information. For example, to answer Activity 2 a) you will need to look for a number and the words 'US Masters'.

Now you try it

It was getting colder. Johnny pulled the fur-lined hood of his parka over his head and walked toward his own cabin with the sound of snow crunching beneath his boots. 'He should be back tomorrow,' he thought, as a star raced across the sky just below the North Star. 'He should be back tomorrow for sure.'

Johnny's grandfather has taken far too much time to check his trap lines in the Alaskan snow. The old man is proud and stubborn, and determined to be as independent as ever. But Johnny is right to worry — his grandfather has caught his foot in his own trap. Wolves, plummeting temperatures and sheer hunger all menace him. Does he have enough wilderness craft, strength and survival instinct to stay alive? Will Johnny find him in time?

The Trap, John Smelcer

This is the **blurb** for a book called *The Trap*. It is a book for teenagers.



Skim through the blurb. Write down two things you learn about the story.

Apply your skills



Scan the blurb text and answer the following questions.

- a) What is Johnny wearing?
- b) What has happened to his grandfather?
- c) What three things threaten his grandfather?



Glossary

blurb: a short summary or taster of the story, which appears on the back cover of a book

Check your progress

Some progress

I can find simple pieces of information in the text.

Good progress



I can use skimming and scanning to find the information I need.

Excellent progress



I can write detailed responses to questions on the text as a result of using skimming and scanning techniques.

Support your ideas with detail from the text

Learning objective

 use details from a text to back up your ideas.

You will often be asked how a text works or how well it does its job. You will need clear evidence from the text to back up your ideas.

Getting you thinking

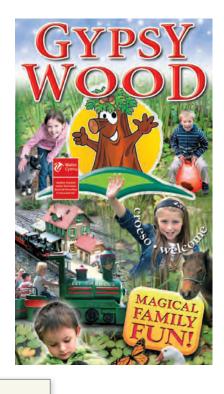
Look at the leaflet page in the margin. It has been designed to promote Gypsy Wood park to visitors.



How have the designers of the leaflet tried to make Gypsy Wood park look like an interesting place to visit?

- a) With a partner, come up with two examples.
- **b)** Find evidence from the text to support each point.

The evidence you use needs to be explained clearly:



The designers make Gypsy Wood park look interesting by drawing our attention towards the words 'Magical Family Fun' at the bottom of the leaflet. The words stand out because they are in capital letters and in red text on a yellow background.

This makes them look colourful and fun.

position

explanation
the effect

Now you try it

Look at the other pages of the leaflet for Gypsy Wood park.



How have the designers of the leaflet made the centre look like an attractive place to visit?

Make notes under these headings:

- use of photos and graphics (think about what they show, where they are placed and their size)
- b) use of fonts and headings
- c) choice of words or phrases.

Glossary

graphics: drawings or images, often made on a computer

fonts: styles of types or letters used



Apply your skills

Now write up your ideas. You can use this frame to help you:

One way the designers have made the centre look attractive is by ______.

The leaflet also tells you lots about ______.

Short, sharp verbs like ______ are effective because they are clear and simple.

Another effective feature is ______.

Check your progress

Some progress

I can find one example of what the designer has done.

Good progress

I can choose several details from a leaflet and begin to comment on them.

Excellent progress

I can select appropriate details from a leaflet and comment on them fully.

Find quotations to support your ideas

Learning objective

 back up your ideas by choosing quotations from the text.

When you are writing about a text, you need to find words and phrases that prove your point. These are called *quotations*.

Top tip

It is best to choose a short quotation from the text.

Getting you thinking

Read this introductory text on a charity website.

768 million people — roughly one in ten of the world's population — have no choice but to get water from wherever they can, whether it's a dirty pond or an expensive water **vendor**.

Without access to safe water for drinking, cooking and cleaning, people are more likely to suffer from water-related diseases. These can be fatal, killing around 2,000 children a day.



Glossary

vendor: seller

viewpoint: someone's view or attitude towards something

1

What **viewpoint** is presented in this text? Note down the exact words or phrases that tell you this.

How does it work?

Here is one student's response:

The writer believes that the lack of healthy drinking — water is causing a large number of unnecessary deaths. For example, he says that water-related diseases are 'killing around 2,000 children a day'.

the writer's viewpoint

direct quotation from the text to support the point

Now you try it

Look at the extract from an RSPCA charity brochure.

How does the writer want us to feel? Find short quotations from the text to support your idea.

Some cruel people still throw animals away as if they were rubbish

Dear Friend.

I hope that, like me, you care about animals. If so, the thought of puppies and kittens being thrown away like so much rubbish will make you **distressed** and angry. Yet it happens all the time. If we're lucky and reach them in time, the RSPCA will care for these innocent victims until we can find them loving new homes.

Take Harvey, who's a very affectionate black and white puppy. Yet at just eight weeks old he was **callously** abandoned. One cold night someone stuffed him into a **holdall** with his five brothers and sisters, and left them outside a pub on a busy road. They could have easily died.



Glossary

distressed: upset

callously: without

feeling

holdall: a large rectangular bag with a

shoulder strap

Apply your skills

- 3 Look back at the text.
 - a) Fill in a table like the one below with words from the extract that describe
 - how animals are mistreated
 - the help the RSPCA gives them.

How animals are mistreated

The help the RSPCA gives them

'thrown away like so much rubbish'

b) Write a paragraph explaining how the brochure makes the RSPCA's work sound good and worth supporting. Use the words that you have included in your table.

Check your progress

Some progress

I can sometimes use quotations from a text.

Good progress

I can find quotations to support my ideas.

Excellent progress

I am able to explain the

quotations I have chosen.

Select and compare points from different texts

Learning objective

identify viewpoints and compare texts.

If you are trying to find out something, you will probably need to read several different texts on the same topic. To find the information you need, it is important to look for similarities and differences in what these texts say.

Getting you thinking

Read the following two reviews of a recent pop album.

Glossary

dedicated: very attached to and supportive of something/someone

Worth waiting for ★★★★★

It's been almost five years since Lady Gaga's fantastic debut album *The Fame* was released. To date it has sold over 12 million copies and contains some of her best-known songs, including 'Just Dance' and 'Poker Face' – huge hits all over the world.

Since then, Lady Gaga has enjoyed a series of sell-out tours and popular albums like *The Fame Monster* and *Born This Way*. Her original fashions and spectacular shows have made her a global superstar.

Her fans (known as 'Little Monsters') are extremely **dedicated** to her and they won't be disappointed by her latest album, *Artpop*, which features some great, catchy new tracks such as 'Applause'. The Little Monsters are sure to make it just as successful as her earlier albums.

Too soon ★

Lady Gaga's worldwide success is a complete mystery to real music fans like me. We find her incredibly irritating and think her songs are as boring as grey wallpaper. How on earth did *The Fame* sell 12 million copies?

Her outrageous tours mean we have to put up with seeing her prancing around a stage in stupid outfits with ridiculous-looking dancers. Just think of that time when she wore a dress made entirely out of raw meat!

Unfortunately, we now have to put up with a new album from her. It is called *Artpop* and will no doubt be a massive hit even though songs like 'Applause' and 'Swine' have her usual silly lyrics and corny tunes. Let's hope and pray this is the last record she releases!



What does each writer think about Lady Gaga's album *Artpop*? Find at least one example from the text in each case to support what you say.

How does it work?

When you are looking for information, you need to make sure it is *relevant*.

- You can get the *gist* of what each writer thinks about *Artpop* by *skimming* the text (you might notice the headlines, star rating and emotional words such as 'silly lyrics').
- When you are scanning a text for particular pieces of information, you only need to look for information related to what you are looking for (ignore any details that are not about the new album).

Now you try it

Both reviewers use **adjectives** to show what they think of Lady Gaga and her music in general.

2

Copy and complete this table, adding any adjectives that show the writer's opinion. If you can, write a word/phrase that is similar in meaning in brackets after each one.

Review A: positive adjectives used	Review B: negative adjectives used
fantastic (marvellous)	irritating (gets on people's nerves)

Glossary

adjectives: words that describe something or someone





Here are two reviews of the James Bond film Skyfall.

A

The twenty-third James Bond film, *Skyfall*, is very exciting with plenty of action and motorbike, car and even train chases, and a really clever story, too. The main villain, played by Javier Bardem, is really evil but he has a reason to hate Bond and 'M', played by the brilliant Judi Dench.

It was filmed in different parts of the world and the locations are amazing. There is even a scene in a casino, which involves huge lizards fighting each other!

Daniel Craig is as cool as always, of course, and he's a great actor.

There's no doubt this is one of the best Bond films ever. It is no surprise that since it opened it has made over 1 billion dollars worldwide. If you haven't seen it yet, make sure you do.

\mathbf{B}

The new James Bond film, *Skyfall*, is a big disappointment. The locations might be stunning, but the action is boring – the same old car chases, for example.

Another problem is that there aren't enough gadgets. Usually Bond has lots of cool tools, but this time all he has is a gun that no one else can fire. Big deal!

Daniel Craig is still great as Bond, but the plot is difficult to follow and the main villain isn't very scary.

If you miss this film, you won't regret it.

Compare these two reviews, summing up what each reviewer thought.

You *are not* being asked what happened in the film, or who was in it. You *are* being asked what the opinions of the reviewers are. You need to find evidence of each writer's viewpoint.

3 Draw up a table like the one below. Find quotations from the reviews that show each writer's opinion on the different aspects of the film.

	Text A	Text B
plot and characters		
acting		
locations		
anything else		'aren't enough gadgets'

Apply your skills

Now write a comparison of the two reviews. You can use this structure to help you.

Check your progress

I can understand the main points of the texts.

Good progress

I can compare the main points of difference between two texts.

Excellent progress

I can select similarities and differences between two texts.

Summarise information from a text

Learning objective

 select relevant points from a text and group them together logically.

When you summarise a text, you need to select key points and write them out briefly so that they make sense in order.

Getting you thinking

Read this magazine article.

Scary monsters

I was sitting outside yesterday when a wasp kept pestering me. I swatted the wasp with my newspaper. Now I could sit in peace and enjoy the sunshine. I didn't feel sorry for the wasp; he asked for it, didn't he?

But then I heard about the terrifying Zombie Wasp. Yes, that's right — a zombie. Remember that scene from *Alien*? The one where the alien bursts out of someone's stomach? That is what zombie wasps do to ladybirds, caterpillars and other creatures. A female wasp injects its egg into the body of another insect, like a ladybird. The **larva** hatches from the egg and eats the ladybird's insides. Then it bursts out through the **abdomen**. Venom from the mother wasp **paralyses** the ladybird. The ladybird twitches but can't move.

The problem is that each relatively harmless little insect has a cousin that is terrifying. Like the Zombie Wasp. Or the Bullet Ant. This isn't just any old ant but one that makes you feel like you've been shot when it stings you! Then there's the Giant Centipede, which can catch bats in its jaws. Nasty!

All of this has made me think twice about attacking the little insects that wander or fly into my house. After all, they might ask one of their relatives to pop round!



Glossary

larva: an insect just after it has hatched

abdomen: the middle section of the body

paralyses: makes something or someone unable to move



Try to sum up what this article is about in one sentence.

Now you try it

You have been asked to write a summary of this article in no more than 100 words, focusing on

- insects the writer has heard about, and why they are so frightening
- how the writer has changed his behaviour towards insects.
 - Use the bullet points as headings, and make some simple notes under each one. These will form the basis of two paragraphs. Make sure you do not include unnecessary information. (For example, do you need to mention the film *Alien*?) Your notes may look like this:

Insects - why scary?

- ant sting like gun shot
- 3 Complete this first paragraph dealing with the writer's thoughts.

The writer mentions several insects: for example, the ______. This insect is frightening because _____.

Try to use your own words if you can (you won't be able to change technical terms like 'larva').

Apply your skills

Now write out the second paragraph, summarising how the writer has changed his behaviour towards insects.

As you write, check that

- you have only included the information needed
- you don't go over 100 words.



Check your progress

Some progress

I can write a paragraph that includes some points from the text.

Good progress

I can sum up the main points from a text.

Excellent progress

s ////

I can sum up a text using my own words, within a given word count.

Check your progress

Some progress

- I can pick out basic information from a text.
- I can find the main points of a text.
- I can discuss the main points of a text.
- I can make notes for a summary.

Good progress

- I can identify the key pieces of information in a text.
- I can select relevant pieces of information from a range of texts.
- I can support my ideas with detail from the text.
- I can refer to the text itself by picking out quotations.
- I can use summary notes and turn them into paragraphs.

Excellent progress

- I can select the most relevant pieces of information in a text.
- I can read across several texts and pick out the most relevant points.
- I am able to select short, relevant and meaningful quotations.
- I can make good and accurate points about a text and support them with a quotation and my own explanation.
- I can summarise, using my own words and staying within the word count.

ใบประกันคุณภาพสื่อการเรียนรู้รายวิชาเพิ่มเติม

หนังสือเรียน รายวิชาเพิ่มเติม ภาษาอังกฤษ (ทักษะอ่าน-เขียน) Progress in Reading & Writing Book 2 ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 5 กลุ่มสาระการเรียนรู้ภาษาต่างประเทศ เล่มนี้ บริษัท แม็คเอ็ดดูเคชั่น จำกัด เป็นผู้จัดพิมพ์ เผยแพร่และจำหน่าย โดยได้จัดทำคำอธิบายรายวิชาเพิ่มเติมที่มีทั้งผลการเรียนรู้ สาระการเรียนรู้เพิ่มเติม และ องค์ประกอบสำคัญอื่นที่สำนักพิมพ์จัดทำขึ้น เพื่อให้สถานศึกษาได้เทียบเคียงกับหลักสูตรของสถานศึกษาและพิจารณา เลือกใช้หนังสือนี้ประกอบการจัดการเรียนรู้ ให้สอดคล้องกับหลักสูตรสถานศึกษาของตนได้ตามความเหมาะสม

ผู้เรียบเรียง

- 1. Caroline Bentley-Davies
- 2. Gareth Calway
- 3. Nicola Copitch
- 4. Steve Eddy
- 5. Najoud Ensaff
- 6. Mike Gould
- 7. Matthew Tett

ผู้ตรวจ

- 1. นางเพ็ญมาส กำเหนิดโทน
- 2. นางสาวมนนิภา พฤกษพงศ์
- 3. นางสุดา ใบแย้ม

บรรณาธิการ นางสาวพิรุณ ติลภัทร

บริษัท แม็คเอ็ดดูเคชั่น จำกัด ขอรับรองว่าผู้เรียบเรียง ผู้ตรวจ และบรรณาธิการดังกล่าว เป็นผู้ที่มีความรู้ ความสามารถในการจัดทำหนังสือนี้ให้มีความถูกต้อง และมีคุณภาพในการจัดการเรียนรู้ตามวัตถุประสงค์ของรายวิชา เพิ่มเติมที่กำหนด

หากผู้ใช้หนังสือหรือสำนักงานคณะกรรมการการศึกษาขั้นพื้นฐานพบว่าหนังสือเล่มนี้มีข้อบกพร่อง เนื้อหาไม่ถูกต้อง เกิดผลเสียหายต่อการเรียนรู้ ส่งผลกระทบทั้งด้านคุณธรรม จริยธรรม และความมั่นคงของชาติ เมื่อสำนักพิมพ์ได้ทราบแล้ว สำนักพิมพ์ยินดึงดการจำหน่ายทันทีและเรียกเก็บหนังสือที่จำหน่ายทั้งหมดเพื่อแก้ไขให้ถูกต้อง ตลอดจนชดใช้ค่าเสียหาย ที่เกิดขึ้นจริงให้กับผู้ที่ได้รับความเสียหายนั้น ทั้งนี้ ให้เป็นไปตามพระราชบัญญัติคุ้มครองผู้บริโภค พ.ศ. 2522 และ พระราชบัญญัติคุ้มครองผู้บริโภค (ฉบับที่ 2) พ.ศ. 2541 รวมทั้งยินยอมให้สำนักงานคณะกรรมการการศึกษาขั้นพื้นฐาน ถอดถอนรายการหนังสือนี้ออกจากบัญชีกำหนดสื่อการเรียนรู้สำหรับเลือกใช้ในสถานศึกษาไปก่อน จนกว่าจะได้รับแจ้งว่า มีการแก้ไขแล้ว พร้อมทั้งการแจ้งประชาสัมพันธ์ให้สถานศึกษาทราบ

ัลงชื่อ).....ผู้รับรอง

(นายคมพิชญ์ พนาสุภน)

กรรมการผู้จัดการ บริษัท แม็คเอ็ดดูเคชั่น จำกัด

MACEDUCATION

Student's Book Progress in Reading & Writing 2 ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 5





