



พิมพ์ครั้งที่ 1 พุทธศักราช 2568 จำนวน 70,000 เล่ม ISBN 978 974 07 2272 4



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What do you know? Page 6  1 All about me	UNIT	VOCABULARY	GRAM	MAR	READING AND CRITICAL THINKING
Describing personal characteristics content perfect and present perfect and present perfect and past perfect perf	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Vocabulary: entertainment,	house and home, a	adjective order, spo	
Future progressive and future perfect presents would you like to see in the future?  Page 24  3 Perfect  WDYT What's your perfect day?  Page 36  Natural world  Words that are nouns and verbs  Nays of talking  Word formation: prefixes  Perfect modals  A travel guide  The Seven Wonders  Subskill: Identifying fact and opinion  A biref history of sharing news and information  Subskill: Understanding formal language  The Seven Wonders  Subskill: Identifying fact and opinion  A biref history of sharing news and information  Subskill: Understanding formal language  The Seven Wonders  Subskill: Identifying fact and opinion  A biref history of sharing news and information  Subskill: Understanding formal language  A biref history of sharing news and information  Subskill: Understanding formal language  A biref history of sharing news and information  Subskill: Understanding formal language  A biref history of sharing news and information  Subskill: Understanding formal language  A popinion article  The Biref question of the text  The passive voice  The passive voice  The passive voice  The passive voice: modal verbs have/get something done  WDYT How can you contribute to make and do  A a wke without social media  Make a difference  WDYT How can you contribute to make and do  Look what you know!  Look what you know!  Look what you know!  Look what you know!  Vocabulary and Grammar review  Reading: review of subskills	WDYT? What makes you the person you are?	Describing personal characteristics Phrasal verbs: three-part verbs	Present perfect an progressive Past perfect and si Past perfect and p	imple past	This is me! <b>Subskill:</b> Keeping a record
Influencers	future!  WDYT? What changes would you like to see in the future?	Changes Expressions with <i>get</i>	Future progressive perfect		Innovations that will rock our world  Subskill: Predicting
WDYT? What is the best way to enjoy nature? Page 48  Reporting the island of East Java  Reported speech: statements Reported speech: questions Reported spee	WDYT? What's your perfect day?	Influencers Word formation: nouns How to create great	-		Fifteen minutes of fame! <b>Subskill:</b> Understanding
Ways of talking Word formation: prefixes good communicator? Page 60  Challenges People Challenges Challenges Page 72  Conditionals Alternatives to if I wish and If only I wish + would/wouldn't A month or even longer? Page 84  Make a difference WDYT? How can you contribute to make society better? Page 96  Make a difference WDYT? How can you contribute to make society better? Page 96  Word formation: prefixes Reported speech: questions Reported speech: orders and requests Reported speech: orders and requests Reported speech: questions Subskill: Understanding formal language Alternatives to if I wish and If only I wish + would/wouldn't Subskill: Finding evidence The passive voice: modal verbs have/get something done Subskill: Referencing  An article The passive voice: modal verbs have/get something done  Verb patterns used to, be used to, get used to Subskill: Summarizing a text in your own words  Verb patterns used to, be used to, get used to Subskill: Summarizing a text in your own words  Reported speech: questions The BIG question: Do you need a rival to be successful? Subskill: Finding evidence in the text The passive voice: modal verbs have/get something done  Subskill: Referencing  Reported speech: questions The BIG question: Do you need a rival to be successful? Subskill: Finding evidence in	WDYT? What is the best way to enjoy nature?	Natural world Words that are nouns and verbs Exploring the island of			The Seven Wonders <b>Subskill:</b> Identifying fact
Challenges Television The BIG question: Do you need a rival to be successful? Subskill: Finding evidence in the text The passive voice The passive voice: modal verbs have/get something done Subskill: Referencing Subskill: Referencing Television The BIG question: Do you need a rival to be successful? Subskill: Finding evidence in the text The passive voice The passive voice modal verbs have/get something done Television The BIG question: Do you need a rival to be successful? Subskill: Finding evidence in the text The passive voice: modal verbs have/get something done The passive voice modal verbs have	WDYT? What makes a good communicator?	Ways of talking Word formation: prefixes	Reported speech: Reported speech: requests	questions	A brief history of sharing news and information <b>Subskill:</b> Understanding
Chilling out, getting active Expressions with make and do Indicated and Indicated an	WDYT? What can you do to challenge yourself?	Challenges Television Things I've learned	Alternatives to if I wish and If only	uldn't	The BIG question: Do you need a rival to be successful?  Subskill: Finding evidence
Phrasal verbs for achieving goals contribute to make society better? Page 96  Vocabulary and Grammar review Phrasal verbs for achieving goals Contribute to make society better? Page 108  Phrasal verbs for achieving goals Contribute to make society better? Page 108  Reading: review of subskills  Reading: review of subskills	WDYT? Could you unplug for a day, a week, a month or even longer?	Chilling out, getting active Expressions with <i>make</i> and <i>do</i> A week without social	The passive voice:		Are you ready to unplug?
know! Page 108	WDYT? How can you contribute to make society better?	Phrasal verbs for achieving goals	•	o, get used to	Emoji for all <b>Subskill:</b> Summarizing a
	know!	Vocabulary and Grammar	review	Reading: review	of subskills
	Page 108	Grammar bootcamp p116		130	

LISTENING	REAL-WORLD SPEAKING	WRITING	PRONUNCIATION	PROJECT			
	<b>Grammar:</b> simple present and present progressive, simple past and present perfect, simple past and past progressive, some-/any-/no-/every- compounds, future tense review						
Short interviews about personality quizzes Subskill: Dealing with homophones	Solving shopping issues	A description of a person Subskill: Gradable and non-gradable adjectives + adverbs	/h/ Homophones	Create a poster about your personal identity including a self-portrait and a description of yourself.  Communication Using visuals to communicate your ideas			
An informal conversation on pros and cons of robots  Subskill: Understanding the speaker's attitude	Organizing an event	A product review Subskill: Connectors of contrast	/æ/, /ɑ/ and /eɪ/ Intonation	Imagine you have traveled to the future. Give a presentation to the class on the changes you see.  Creativity  Getting inspiration from others			
A radio interview about happiness Subskill: Listening for the information you need	Telling an anecdote	An opinion essay Subskill: Organizing your essay	/b/ and /v/ /ʃ/ and /tʃ/	Create a 'What's your perfect day?' video for a class YouTube channel.  Collaboration Successfully completing the task as a team			
A podcast about why we love natural disaster movies Subskill: Using prior knowledge	Giving instructions	A description of a place Subskill: Using articles correctly	Word stress: nouns and verbs	Create a proposal for a place in your country or abroad to be made a Natural Wonder of the World. Film your group presenting your proposal.  Critical thinking  Synthesizing information			
A podcast on misunderstandings Subskill: Understanding rapid speech	Discussing opinions	A report Subskill: Presenting key findings	Connected speech: word linking	Give a persuasive presentation on why you should be given a travel scholarship.  Communication Giving a persuasive presentation			
A radio phone-in about TV talent shows  Subskill: Inferring meaning	Checking understanding and clarifying	An informal article Subskill: Writing for an audience	Sentence stress in conditionals	Give a presentation about a TV talent show that you have invented.  Creativity  Developing and implementing new ideas			
An informal conversation about how to get around Subskill: Understanding words from context	Giving directions	A for-and- against essay Subskill: Using connectors of reason	Word stress: expressions with make and do	Plan an Unplugging Day for your school and present your flyer proposal to your class. Critical thinking Building a powerful argument			
A radio interview about Lual Mayen Subskill: Correcting mistakes	Politely interrupting	A formal letter of complaint Subskill: Using formal language	Intonation when interrupting	Design a new emoji and create a digital poster to justify the need for it.  Collaboration Respecting others			
Listening: review of sub	skills	Speaking: review	of Key phrases	Writing: review of subskills			
Project planner p130	Irregular verbs p	134					



#### What's on?

#### Vocabulary: entertainment

- 1 Nead the article and match headings a-c with paragraphs 1-3. Then listen and check your answers.
  - a Start watching a TV series
  - **b** Read more
  - **c** Enjoy music outside



How often do you make a promise to yourself (or others) at the start of a school year, only to break it? Follow our suggestions below to help you keep your promises.

1

If you find most **bestsellers** hard work and you actually prefer pictures to words, why not start with a **graphic novel?** *Manga Shakespeare* has **released** a series of books which combine a simple version of Shakespeare's plays with manga illustrations.

2 \_\_

Are you getting bored with school concerts or gigs in dark venues? How about going to an outdoor music festival? Larmer Tree Festival is a festival for all ages where you can see your favorite artists on stage, enjoy street theater and learn new skills at a range of workshops.

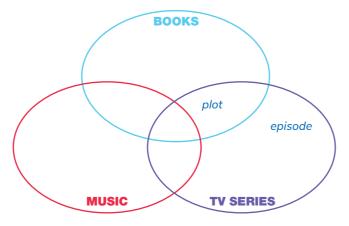
3 \_\_

We suggest you try *Sherlock*. With its exceptional **cast**, you'll be hooked from the first **episode**. It was first **broadcast** in 2010 and every **season** is **entertaining**. *Sherlock* is **set** in 21st century London and appeals to **audiences** all over the world.



2 Complete the diagram with the words in bold in the article in exercise 1. Then add the words in the box.

chapter critic plot review script



- **3** What is the difference in meaning between each pair of words?
  - 1 a chapter / an episode
  - 2 a critic / a review
  - 3 a bestseller / a graphic novel
  - 4 a venue / a gig
  - 5 a plot / a script

### Grammar: simple present and present progressive

4 Read the examples and complete the rules with simple present or present progressive.

How often **do** you **make** a promise to yourself?

This series **combines** a simple version of a story with manga illustrations.

I promise to read more this year.

I'm reading a great bestseller at the moment.

**Are** you **getting** bored with gigs in small venues?

We use the <b>1</b>	_ for actions in
progress or a developing situat	tion.
We use the <b>2</b> and routines.	_ for facts, habits
We don't use the <b>3</b> verbs like <i>believe</i> , <i>promise</i> and	with state understand.

5 Complete the text with the simple present or present progressive form of the verbs in parentheses.

What 1 you
We 2 (have) to read Lord of the Flies for school, so I 3 (read) that at the moment. I 4 (enjoy) it so far. It 5 (be) about a group of boys who end up alone on a desert island. I 6 (not want) to spoil the ending for you, but this book 7 (say) a lot about human nature.  Ned Jones
We 8 (need) to read The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night-Time for school, so I 9 (not read) anything else. It 10 (tell) the story of a boy with autism who 11 (want) to solve the murder of a dog. It 12 (not be) a typical book, though. It  13 (begin) with Chapter 2 and the chapter numbers 14 (not follow) a logical order.  Ester Cuesta

6 Read the information and look at the pairs of sentences. What is the difference in meaning between a and b?

### Verb meaning in simple present and present progressive

Some verbs have a different meaning in the simple present and present progressive. For example:

This book **smells** of an old book store. (It has a particular smell.)

Why are you smelling that book? (Put your nose close to something to sniff it.)

- **1** a My friend's dad has a pizza restaurant in town
- **b** We're having dinner there right now.
- 2 a I think Billie Eilish is an amazing singer.
  - **b** I'm thinking of getting a ticket for her concert.
- 3 a My cousin's usually a little unfriendly.
- **b** He **isn't being** unfriendly today because he's in a good mood.
- **4 a** That **looks** really difficult. Is it?
  - **b** I'm looking at instructions right now.
- **5** a I see what you mean!
  - **b** I'm seeing the hockey coach on break today.

### Grammar: simple past and present perfect

**7** Read the examples and circle the correct option.

Starter **©** 

The BBC® first **released** *Sherlock* in 2010. Benedict Cumberbatch **has played** Sherlock Holmes ever since then.

- 1 We use the **simple past/present perfect** for completed actions in the past with expressions which specify the time they happened.
- We use the simple past/present perfect for actions in the past without specifying when they happened.
- **8** Copy and complete the table with the time expressions in the box. What is the difference between *for* and *since*?

ever/never for six months in July last week lately recently since 2019 three years ago when I was younger yesterday

Simple past	Present perfect
when I was younger	for six months

**9** Complete the dialogue with the correct simple past or present perfect form of the verbs in parentheses.

Nat:	<b>1</b> y	ou (see)	anything
	good lately?		
Chris:	Yeah! We 2 _	<b>(go)</b> to th	ne theater to
	see Hamilton	on Saturday.	
Nat:	Cool! I <b>3</b>	(not see) tha	at musical.
	What <b>4</b>	<b>(be)</b> it like?	
Chris:	5	(think) it 6	(be)
	amazing. Wh	at about you? <b>7</b> _	you
	(se	e) anything recent	tly?
Nat:	8	(not do) anything	exciting
	since we last	9 (spea	ı <b>k),</b> but
	yesterday I <b>1</b>	0 (finish	n) the book
	you <b>11</b>	<b>(give)</b> me.	
Chris:	What <b>12</b>	you	<b>(think)</b> of it
Nat:	l <b>13</b>	_ <b>(love)</b> it. What a	n original plot!

- Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions.
  - **1** Do you prefer to watch movies at home or at the movie theater? Why?
  - 2 Which TV series are you watching now?
  - **3** What was the last book you read about?



#### My house

#### Vocabulary: house and home

1 <a>>> 2</a> Read and listen to the text. Do British prime ministers still live in this house?

### **OPEN HOUSE**

If you could look inside someone's house, whose would you choose? Once a year, for a weekend, many cities around the world open up iconic houses and buildings to everyone for free.

Here's one of our favorites:

#### 10 DOWNING STREET, LONDON, UK

The British prime minister's London **row** house is easily recognizable with its hanging **lamp** outside and shiny black **front door** with a lion-shaped **doorknocker**. Before you go inside, take another look at the door. The **doorbell** doesn't actually work and forget about using a key – there isn't a **keyhole** anywhere! Don't worry though, there's always somebody waiting inside in the **entrance hall** to let visitors in.

The **ground floor** rooms are mainly used for government business and entertaining, and the kitchen is in the **basement**. All the way up the impressive **staircase** and along each **landing**, you'll find black and white **portraits** of past prime ministers hung in order. The prime minister used to have a private **apartment** on the **top floor**, but in recent times, they've used the bigger apartment next door in Number 11.

2 Copy and complete the table with the words in bold in exercise 1. Add the words in the box.

attic/loft cottage duplex fireplace hallway single family house

Type of house	Place in the house	Features of a house
row	entrance hall	lamp

- 3 ◀୬૩ Listen to Andrea talking to Rob. Answer the questions.
  - 1 Whose house did Rob visit?
  - 2 What did he think of it?
  - **3** What was his favorite room? Why?

### Grammar: simple past and past progressive

4 Read the examples and answer the questions.

He **recorded** tracks for his last two albums there. While we **were visiting** my cousins in Memphis, we **went** to Graceland Mansion.

- **1** Which tense do we use for completed actions in the past?
- 2 Which tense do we use for an activity in progress in the past?
- **3** How do we form the negative and question of each tense?
- **5** Correct one mistake in each sentence.
  - 1 My dad didn't lived here when he was younger.
  - **2** While I was cleaning the basement, I come across an old clock.
  - 3 Was you having dinner when I called?
  - **4** She couldn't hear you because she was listen to loud music.
  - **5** Did you went out for lunch on the weekend?
- **6** Complete the sentences with the simple past or past progressive form of the verbs in the box.

break clean out come down

fall find hurt leave not play ring

1	Weth	e attic when we s.	an
2	Someone the d	their keys in the loorbell.	e keyhole, so
3	•	the stairs and	
4	My friends	football when	the

Work in pairs. Complete the questions with your own ideas in the simple past or past progressive. Ask and answer the questions.

window

1	Where did you live when	
		_?
2	When you were at elementary school, did	?
3	Whatat 7:30 pm yesterday evening?	_



### Grammar: *some-/any-/no-/every-* compounds

8 Read the examples and circle the correct option to complete the rules.

Many cities around the world open up iconic houses and buildings to everyone for free.

No-one has a key for 10 Downing Street.

Don't worry, there's always somebody waiting inside.

There isn't anybody living on the ground floor.

- 1 -body and -one have the same/a different meaning.
- **2** We generally use *some-/any-* compounds in positive sentences and *some-/any-* compounds in negative sentences.
- **3** In most questions, we use *some-/any*-compounds, but for offers, we use *some-/any*-compounds.
- 4 We don't use no or not with no-/any- compounds.
- **9** Complete the sentences with a *some-/any-/no-* or *every-* compound.

1	I need	colorful for my room. It's
	looking a little plain.	
2		for her old white n't find them
	Sileakers, but sile car	Transcriber
3		g near the d this wonderful shell.
4	I don't need empty shelves.	else for my room. I like
5	Don't tell	about the party. It's a

- 10 Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions.
  - **1** Does everyone in your class live in an apartment?
  - 2 Has anybody in your family ever played a gig?
  - **3** If you could live anywhere in the world, where would you live?
  - **4** At the end of a busy week, do you prefer doing nothing or doing something active?

#### Vocabulary: adjective order

11 Read the tip box at the bottom of the page.
Then complete the sentences with the
adjectives in the correct order.

1	There used to be a(n)	
	portrait above the fireplace. (be	eautiful /
	old / big)	
2	Lant this	a for my

2	I got this		bag for n	ny
	birthday.	(brown / leather /	small)	

3	I was looking for some sneakers	when I
	bought these	boots. (black
	rubber / trendy)	

4	My sister's just bought some
	glasses. (Italian / metal / round)

1 My sister's just be unbt some

6 Leave an ad online for a

	brand new / large)
	apartment in New York. (amazing /
5	My cousins live in a(n)

O	I Saw all au C	Jilline Iora,		
	racing bike. (	aluminum ,	cool / se	cond-hand

**12** Write a description of your dream room. What is it like? Why do you like it so much?

#### Adjective order

surprise.

When two or more adjectives come before a noun, they usually follow this order.

		-			-	-		
	Opinion	Size	Age	Shape	Color	Origin	Material	Noun
а	beautiful	large	old	square	red	Italian	plastic	box

Remember, we rarely use more than two or three adjectives before a noun and we never use adjectives in the plural: we say *plastic boxes* and not *plastics boxes*.

### Starter **©**

#### Take it up!

#### Vocabulary: sports

**1** Which of these sports are used with do, go and play? Have you tried any of them?

> biking gymnastics hockey rock climbing skateboarding tennis track and field volleyball yoga

I sometimes go skateboarding, but I've never done voga or gone rock climbing.

- **2** What are the differences in meaning between each set of words?
  - 1 hold. break and set a record
  - 2 train, practice and compete
  - 3 lose, beat, draw and win
  - 4 a game, a match and a tournament
  - 5 an athlete, a coach and a referee
- **3** Read the text about breaking. What do the words in bold have in common?



Breaking, which originally comes from New York City, is a competitive dance form. B-girls and B-boys compete in 'dance battles' which consist of high-energy steps set to hip hop music. A panel of judges award points for things like creativity, personality and technique. Some people say 'break' refers to how the DJ changes from one track to another. So why does the International Olympic Committee plan to include it in the Olympics®? They hope to connect with more young athletes by moving sports out of stadiums and into the city.

#### **Collocations**

Write down and learn any words that go with new vocabulary. e.g. (play) football, (do) breaking, (do) yoga, compete (in), consist (of), etc.

#### Grammar: future tense review

- 4 Read the examples and look at the verbs in bold. What are some of the different forms we can use to talk about the future?
  - a We're competing in a tennis tournament in June.
  - **b** Rita's beating him 7–0 she's going to win!
  - c I'm bored. I know, I'll call Kevin to see if he wants to go skateboarding.
  - **d** The match **starts** at 10:00 am tomorrow don't
  - **e** I think sports **will be** very different in the future.
  - **f** My team's going to practice at the sports stadium this season.
- 5 Look at the examples in exercise 4 again. Match uses 1-6 with examples a-f.

1	a decision made at the moment	
2	a future arrangement with a fixed date	_
3	a prediction with little evidence now	_
4	a scheduled event	_
5	a prediction with evidence now	_
6	a plan or decision made before	

6 Complete the sentences with the words and phrases in the box.

1	Practice	next week.
2	I	from tennis to volleyball on
	Monday.	
3	1	yoga this semester.
4	I think our team _	an
	important rival la	ter this month.
5	lt	all afternoon – look at

'm changing 'm going to take up 's going to

rain starts will beat

- **7** Write a question for each of the sentences in exercise 6.
  - **1** When does practice start?

those clouds!

8 Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in exercise 7.

When does practice start?

Hockey practice starts next week, but swimming doesn't start until the end of September.

#### What's in this book?

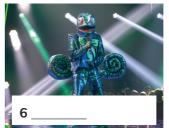
1 Look through your book. Who, what or where are these?















- 2 Look more closely at Unit 1. Match features 1-9 with a-i.
  - <sup>1</sup> WDYT?
  - <sup>2</sup> VIDEO SKILLS
  - CRITICAL THINKING
  - **CELEBRITY CORNER**



- **6 GRAMMAR ROUND-UP**
- 7 Research
- \* Quick review
- **FINAL REFLECTION**

- **a** a fun grammar exercise
- **b** an exercise where you reflect on the process of doing the project
- **c** an exercise where you practice all the grammar you've learned so far
- **d** a guestion that comes at the beginning of every unit, to get you thinking about the topic
- e an exercise that helps you to explore the ideas in the reading text more deeply
- **f** a section of the unit that summarizes all the new grammar and vocabulary
- g an activity where you have to find out more about something online
- **h** a section where you watch and think about different kinds of video clips
- i a focus on a famous person and how they're related to the unit topic
- **3** Now explore the rest of the book. Can you answer all of the questions in two minutes?
  - **1** How many units are there in the book?
  - **2** How many pages are there in each unit?
  - **3** What do you always learn first in each unit?
  - 4 Where can you check irregular verbs?
  - **5** How many pages of Project planner are there at the end of the book?
  - **6** Where do you review everything you have learned?

### THE CLASSROOM CHALLENGE

- 4 Match topics A-H with Units 1-8 in the book. Can you be the first to finish?
  - A the key to happiness
  - some misunderstandings
  - o personality quizzes
  - the UN Sustainable Development Goals
  - a review of a technological device
  - finding your way without a phone
  - o do you need a rival to be successful?
  - nominating a Natural Wonder of the World



# All about me

person you are?

What makes you the

### WDYT?

(What do you think?)

Vocabulary: personal qualities; describing personal characteristics; phrasal verbs: three-part verbs

Grammar: past tenses; present perfect and progressive; past perfect and simple past; past perfect and progressive

Reading: a magazine article about clothes and identity

**Listening:** short interviews about personality quizzes

**Speaking:** solving shopping issues

Writing: a description of a person

**Project:** create a poster about personal identity



#### Video skills p13



Real-world speaking p19



Project pp22-23

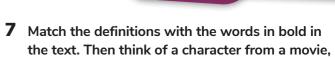
# SHAPE AND IDENTITY

When we look at characters from video games and comic books, their shape can tell us a lot about their identity.

- This shape is solid, like a mountain, and shows many characteristics. Characters with this shape are often strong and confident, but they can also be big and scary or kind and **clumsy**. They're often **determined** like typical superheroes. They can be a little **stubborn**.
- This is the most dynamic shape and it is often used to show danger and villains. Sharp lines and angles can make characters appear aggressive or arrogant and selfish, and suggest they might be cruel, grumpy and competitive.
- This shape is used for strong likeable characters who can be thoughtful and sensitive. They're usually modest and supportive of others.
- When we think of this shape, soft and safe images appear. This shape shows friendly characters who are optimistic. These are happy characters who are sociable, **chatty** and **outgoing**. Many famous cartoon and comic book characters are designed around this shape.

#### Describing personal characteristics

- 4 Look at characters A–D. Which adjectives would you use to describe them? Why?
- 5 Check the meaning of the words in bold in the text. Read descriptions 1–4 and match pictures A–D with the descriptions.
- **6** Which characters have mainly positive adjectives? Which have mainly negative ones? Are there any adjectives that could be positive or negative?



Vocabulary @

- the text. Then think of a character from a movie book or video game for each adjective.
  - 1 not willing to let anything prevent them from doing what they have decided to do \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 not willing to change their ideas or consider anyone else's reasons or arguments \_\_\_\_\_
  - **3** kind, and showing that they consider that what other people want or need is important \_\_\_\_\_
  - **4** unhappy and dissatisfied, often for no obvious reason; often complaining \_\_\_\_\_
  - **5** friendly and enjoys talking to people \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6 helpful and sympathetic \_\_\_\_\_
  - 8 

    4) 4 Listen to a podcast extract about character design. Put pictures A–D in the order in which they are mentioned.
  - **9** What do you know about the characters in the box? Listen again. Which shape is each character?

Superman Super Mario The Incredible Hulk The Joker Wreck-It Ralph Zelda

- Work in pairs. Complete the sentences so that they are true for you. Ask your partner about their sentences.
  - 1 I'd say my best friend/father/sister is \_\_\_\_\_\_, but he/she couldn't be described as \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2 I consider myself to be \_\_\_\_\_, but

### VIDEO SKILLS



- **11** Watch the video. Does the narrator believe personality types are fixed?
- Work in pairs. This video uses a lot of on-screen text. Is this useful? Why?



1 Look at the adjectives in the box. Can you add any more personality adjectives?

confident creative enthusiastic generous hard-working patient polite reliable sensible sociable

Work in pairs. Use the adjectives in exercise 1 to describe your friends and family.

I think my mom is generous and sociable.

**3** Which adjectives form an opposite with negative prefixes *un-* or *im-*? reliable – unreliable

### 1

### 1

#### A magazine article

### 1 Look at the photos in the article and answer the questions.

- **1** Describe the clothes and think about the colors. What kind of people might wear them?
- **2** What do you think is unusual about the lifestyles of the people in the article?
- 2 ◀୬⁵ Read and listen to the article. Check your answers to exercise 1.

	still only wears one color.
	chose their color because of a family
member.	
	started wearing their color when they
were a st	udent.
	has furniture and a vehicle in their
color.	
	once received lots of gifts in their color.
	were a st

### 4 Are the sentences true, false or is there no information? Correct the false sentences.

- **1** Before she got married, Ella didn't use to wear only yellow clothes.
- **2** Ella chose yellow even though it didn't really suit her personality.
- **3** Ella is thinking about getting other yellow items, such as makeup or a car.
- **4** Ella often posts photos of herself on Instagram<sup>®</sup>.
- **5** Gary now loves purple, although he didn't when he was a child.

### **5** Answer the questions in your own words. Give evidence for your answers.

- 1 How has color been used in advertising?
- **2** What did Ella find hardest about dressing only in yellow?
- **3** Why does Ella like dressing in yellow?
- **4** How did so many people become interested in Ella?
- 5 When did Gary start wearing only purple clothes?



#### CELEBRITY CORNER \_

Harry Styles encourages everyone to be themselves and he is famous for wearing colorful and interesting clothes. What is Harry's slogan and what does it mean?

#### Subskill: Keeping a record of vocabulary

When you record a word or phrase, it's a good idea to include pronunciation, part of speech (noun, verb, etc.), a definition and an example sentence. Adding related words is also useful.

**6** Look at the vocabulary record and find the word in the text. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word.

**excessive** (ADJECTIVE) /ɪkˈsesɪv/ much more than is reasonable or necessary The charges seemed a little excessive.

excessively (ADVERB), excess (NOUN)

1	He was not rather rude!	polite – in fact he was
2	The store had an gave them away.	of cakes so they
3	The amount of force wasn't necessary.	e used was It

# 7 Word work Record the other words in bold in the article. Then complete sentences 1–6 with the correct form of the words.

1	Hours later, I can still see the painting clearly in
	my mind; it was very
2	Cho always says 'pip pip' instead of 'goodbys':

2	She always says	bib bib	instead of	<sup>*</sup> goodbye
	it's her	phrase.		

3 They always wear black clothes because they're

	goths. It's their		
4	Cam can't stan talking about politic	i+'.	

- 4 Sam can't stop talking about politics it's become a real \_\_\_\_\_ with him.
- 5 I bought three things on sale, but my favorite \_\_\_\_\_ was a pink jacket.
- **6** White is often used to \_\_\_\_\_ peace.

#### **8** Work in pairs. Discuss the questions.

- 1 Do you think your clothes are the best way to express yourself? Why/Why not?
- 2 Have you ever had a particular look? What is/ was it?

#### **CRITICAL THINKING**





- **1** Understand Outline the stages Ella and Gary went through to end up using color to create a look.
- 2 Analyze Think of some people you know. Do they wear one color more than others? Can you think of reasons for this?
- 3 Evaluate Which color is best for you? Why?



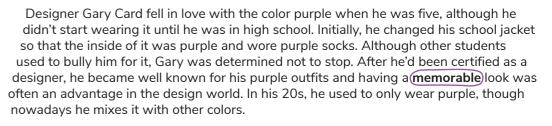
Is it excessive to dress only or mainly in one color? Could you do it? People have often used color in advertising to represent brands because color can send powerful messages at an emotional level – but what about as a personal 'trademark'?

Ella London, who is originally from the UK but lives in Los Angeles, USA, is known as 'Miss Sunshine' because she's been wearing only yellow clothes for years. Always unconventional, she was wondering what color wedding dress to get when her husband-to-be suggested yellow. She loved the idea because yellow was her dad's favorite color, and the perfect color for an optimistic and outgoing person like her.

Ella wasn't originally intending to go 'all yellow'; it happened slowly. Her first purchase was a top from eBay®, then a friend gave her a cardigan and over the next four years, her collection grew until she was able to dress exclusively in yellow. Although shoes were the trickiest items to find, she's managed to find plenty, along with yellow make-up

and accessories, yellow furniture and even a yellow car. For Ella, it's a cool way of expressing herself and she loves

it when people ask about her **look** Recently, a video about her went viral: people were fascinated by 'Miss Sunshine'. Since then she's been posting a daily photo of herself on Instagram and now has followers worldwide.



Why purple? For Gary, it's a fascinating and mysterious color because it's both warm and cool, and it's always in fashion. As well as clothes, he's bought purple furniture and his most expensive possessions (two portfolios for carrying artwork) are purple. He's also had some fantastic presents including 30 different purple toothbrushes from his mother.

While some people might argue that dressing in a single color is an **obsession**, for others it's a way of life that makes them feel good. Perhaps the most important thing is to be true to yourself.

### 1 V

### Vocabulary and Listening

### Vocabu

#### Past tenses

1 Read examples a–d and match them with the tenses/structures in the box. Then answer questions 1–4.

past progressive past perfect simple past used to

- a In high school, he **changed** his school jacket so that the inside of it was purple.
- **b** She was wondering what color to use in the color theme of her wedding.
- c He used to only wear purple, though nowadays he mixes it with other colors.
- **d** After he'd been certified, he became known for his purple outfits.

Which tense/structure do we use for ...?

- 1 finished past actions, states and habits, often with a past time expression
- **2** past habits or repeated actions and states that are no longer true \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_
- **3** an action that happened before another action in the past
- 4 actions that were in progress at a certain time in the past, actions that continued for some time and descriptions of background events
- Work in pairs. Circle the correct option. Say if the sentences are true for you.



- 1 By the time I got to school this morning, I made/had made over ten phone calls.
- 2 I wore/was wearing a school uniform at 7:00 pm yesterday.
- 3 When I was a child, I had gotten/used to get obsessed with particular outfits. Once, I even wore/used to wear a favorite outfit to bed!
- **4** My best friend **bought/used to buy** some red jeans recently.
- 5 | wasn't liking/didn't like black clothes when | was younger, but now | do.

### Present perfect and present perfect progressive

3 Read the examples and complete the rules with the tense.

He's also had some fantastic presents.

Ella's been wearing only yellow clothes for years.

I've always worn a lot of bright colors, but recently I've been wearing more dark clothes.

- 1 We use the (...) when the action is unfinished and the focus is on the action or process.
- 2 We use the (...) to show the present result of a finished action when the focus is on the result.
- **3** We use the (...) to emphasize duration.
- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct present perfect or progressive form of the verbs in parentheses.
  - 1 | (...) (do) my homework all morning. | (...) (finish) math, but | (...) (not do) history yet.
  - 2 How long (...) (you / know) Sara?
  - 3 Max (...) (always like) red, but recently he (...) (wear) more pink clothes.
  - **4** My mom is really good at designing clothes. She (...) **(do)** it for years.
- 5 Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

#### TACK PINSENT

1	_ you ever			
	l clothes? Zack Pinsent has.			
In fact, he 2	(wear) clothes			
that were in fashion in the early 19th century for				
over ten years! When he was younger, Zack				
3 (dress) in modern clothes,				
but he <b>4</b> (stop) wearing				
them when he was 14. Why? One day, he				
5	_ (find) his great-grandfather's			
old suits. After he 6	(try) them			
on, he 7	(realize) they suited			
him. Now Zack only wears historical clothes.				

**6** Answer the question to solve the Brain teaser.



#### **TEASER**

- 1 Jack researched personality for five years.
- 2 Dominic has been researching since 2014.
- 3 Mark used to research personality.
- 4 Lucia has spent some time researching, but not recently

Who is still doing research? How do you know?

#### Phrasal verbs: three-part verbs

1 Read the forum. Who are you most/least like? Why?

## TEENS **TALK:**

### What do you think of personality quizzes?

A I love them – I learn a lot about myself! I always look out for interesting ones to do. I'm amazed the writers haven't run out of ideas yet! I don't always get around to doing all the ones I see, though.

SONIA, 16

B Most of them are silly. I don't know how people come up with the ideas or how they get away with convincing people that the quizzes are accurate.

MARIO, I

They're just a bit of fun, aren't they? Should you do away with them? No, they're a laugh! I only ever believe the good parts, though. The last one I did said I get along with people — it's true, I'm really outgoing!

SAM, I

I don't really **go in for** them – they're a waste of time. I don't know why people **go on about** them and say they're great. They never **live up to** your expectations.

NEETA, 16

### 2 Match definitions 1–6 with six of the phrasal verbs in bold in exercise 1.

1	manage to do something without any bad results	
2	remove something	
3	be as good as what was expected or promised	
4	try to find or see a particular person or thing	
5	enjoy a particular thing or activity	
6	do something after you have intended to do it for a long time	

### **3** Circle the correct option. Do you agree or disagree with the sentences? Why?

- 1 It's easy to come up with/get away with ideas.
- 2 I'm very organized and I never run out of/ go in for time for things.
- 3 The last movie I saw didn't get around to/live up to my expectations. It was disappointing!
- 4 It's important to **get along with/go on about** everyone. It isn't good to argue.
- 5 Schools should **look out for/do away with** homework. We need to have more free time.

#### Short interviews

4 () 6 Listen to three people giving their opinions. Which three people from exercise 1 do you hear? In what order?



#### Subskill: Dealing with homophones

A homophone is a word that sounds the same as another word, but has a different spelling and meaning, e.g. where/wear, know/no, whole/hole.

- **5** Circle the correct option. Then write sentences with the incorrect words.
  - 1 I'm always looking for good personality quiz sites/sights.
  - 2 For me, **they're/their** like horoscopes you believe the good parts.
  - **3** I was surprised to **here/hear** that some universities use them.
  - **4** Nobody takes personality quizzes seriously, write/right?
  - 5 Personality tests shouldn't be allowed/aloud in job interviews.
  - **6** When people confirm your personality, **it's/its** very powerful.
  - 7 I can't wait/weight to do another personality quiz.
  - 8 I'm really **board/bored** by personality tests.

### **6** Listen again. Are the sentences true or false? Circle the false sentences.

- 1 Sam agreed completely with the results of the quiz he did yesterday.
- 2 He says personality tests can help you find out whether you see yourself as others see you.
- **3** Sonia became interested in personality tests after doing a project.
- **4** She was disappointed with the results of the 'Big Five' personality test.
- **5** Neeta thinks most online quizzes are very useful.
- **6** She was surprised that some companies use personality tests in interviews.
- Work in pairs. Which opinions in exercise 5 do you agree with? Why?

#### Past perfect and simple past

1 Circle the correct option to complete the rules.

I found out that online quizzes had recently become really popular.

After I'd read the results, I laughed.

I read/had read the quiz a day before I completed it.

- 1 We use the past perfect to talk about an action that happened **after/before** another action in the past.
- 2 In sentences with *before* or *after*, if the past perfect action happened at a **specific/general** time in the past, we can use the past perfect or simple past as the order of events is clear.
- **2** Complete the sentences with the simple past or past perfect form of the verbs in parentheses.
  - 1 When my alarm (...) (go off) this morning, I (...) (already get up).
  - 2 | (...) (start) learning English when | (...) (be) five years old.
  - 3 This morning, after I (...) (have) breakfast, I (...) (call) my friend.
  - 4 My best friend and I (...) (never hear) of people wearing only one color before we (...) (read) about them.
  - 5 | (...) (miss) the bus to school because it (...) (leave) by the time | got to the bus stop.
- Work in pairs. Are the sentences in exercise 2 true or false for your partner?

### Past perfect and past perfect progressive

4 Read the examples and complete the rules with duration, cause or past.

After I'd written the questions, I interviewed some people.

I was curious because more people **had been doing** online tests.

I had been doing research for a project, but I hadn't found anything interesting.

We use the past perfect progressive to talk			
about an action that started in the			
and continued up to another time in the past.			

2	With the past perfect progressive the emphas			
	is on the	of the action and we often		
	use it to show	and effect.		

5 Complete the sentences with the past perfect or past perfect progressive form of the verbs in parentheses.

1	John was grumpy because he			
	(work) hard all morning a	no		
	he (not have) breakfast.			
2	Sam <b>(study)</b> a lot before h	ne		
	took his exam and he passed.			

- 3 I was happy when I found my glasses I \_\_\_\_\_ (look) for them for ages.
- 4 Before Lucy and I were neighbors, we \_\_\_\_\_ (know) each other since we were four.
  5 It \_\_\_\_\_ (snow) for hours. By the
- is It \_\_\_\_\_\_ (snow) for hours. By the time we went inside, we \_\_\_\_\_ (build) a huge snowman.

6 Complete the text with the simple past, past perfect or past perfect progressive form of the verbs in parentheses.

The first watch that could download information from computers 1 (...) (appear) in 1994, but scientists 2 (...) (try) to improve watches since the first digital watch 3 (...) (become) available in 1972. Years later, a company called Pebble 4 (...) (change) everything. They 5 (...) (work) on a new smartwatch for some time, and they 6 (...) (use) crowdfunding to produce it. Their watch, the Pebble, 7 (...) (come) out in 2013. Before that, there 8 (...) (be) many attempts to create a truly 'smart' watch, but none of them had the features of today's smartwatches.

**7** Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

#### **GRAMMAR ROUND-UP**

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Imagine you 1 (...) (meet) someone at a party last week. You might forget their name, but you'd remember their face. Although it's a complex thing, we 2 (...) (always be able) to recognize other people's faces. Scientists first 3 (...) (start) developing technology to identify faces in the 1960s and they 4 (...) (work) on it ever since, though they 5 (...) (not succeed) in developing a 100% accurate program yet. A few years ago, officials in Boston Airport 6 (...) (stop) using facial recognition technology after they 7 (...) (use) it for about three months, as it only had a 61.4% success rate. Recently, new 3D technology 8 (...) (have) better results and it is now being used across the world.



#### Solving shopping issues

- 1 Watch the video. What solution do they find for the problem?
- 2 Watch again. Complete blanks 1–4 in the dialogue.
- **3** Watch again. Which Key phrases do you hear?





4 Create your own dialogue. Follow the steps in the Skills boost.

#### SKILLS BOOST

You need to return an item to a store. Make notes about your reasons.

#### **PREPARE**

THINK

Prepare a dialogue. Remember to use the Key phrases for solving shopping issues.

#### **PRACTICE**

Practice your dialogue.

#### **PERFORM**

Act out your dialogue for the class or record it and play it to the class.

5 Peer review Listen to your classmates and answer the questions.

- 1 Were they successful in resolving the issue?
- 2 Which Key phrases did they use?

#### Key phrases

#### Asking about the issue

Can I ask why you are returning it?

Have you got the receipt?

#### Issues

I'd like to return ... / I'm afraid there's a problem with ...

(It) broke/shrank/came off ... / (It)'s badly made.

(It) doesn't fit properly / (It) isn't right.

I can't give you a refund without a receipt.

I'm afraid I've lost the receipt.

#### **Solutions**

l can give you a refund or replace it for you.

You can exchange it for something else.

I can give you a credit note.



Have you got the receipt? (UK) → Do you have the receipt? (US)

I can give you a credit note. (UK) 

I can give you a store credit (US)



**SOMEONE I KNOW ...** 

1) Sara might not be somebody you notice immediately, but she's definitely someone you want to know better. We met one evening, when it was absolutely freezing and completely dark – I'd missed my usual bus home and was waiting nervously at the bus stop. Sara was there too, so we started chatting. That was two years ago and we've been friends since then.

Sara's short and slim with brown eyes. She's chatty and likeable, and gets along well with everyone, although she is a little shy. Once you get to know her, you realize she's extremely supportive of all her friends and she's really thoughtful. She's always ready to help and listen to your problems. She can be slightly grumpy if she's hungry or tired, but she's usually enthusiastic and funny.

3 One incident with Sara stands out in my memory. A group of us had been playing beach volleyball all afternoon, so we were really exhausted. Suddenly, I realized I'd lost my favorite necklace. We searched everywhere. Finally, the others left, except Sara. She was determined to find it, although I'd given up hope. An hour later, while I was complaining, she laughed and held up my necklace! I'll never forget that.

4 I am delighted that I met Sara and proud that she's my friend. She's one of the kindest and most optimistic people I've ever met – and definitely an interesting character!

Marina Moss

#### A description of a person

- 1 Read the description. How long has the writer known Sara?
- **2** Read the description again and match paragraphs 1–4 with descriptions a–d.
  - **a** a detailed description of the person, including a short physical description \_\_\_
  - b a short introduction, including how you know the person and a general description of the person \_\_\_
  - **c** a brief conclusion \_\_\_
  - **d** an anecdote that tells you more about the person \_\_
- Subskill: Gradable and non-gradable adjectives + adverbs

Before gradable adjectives, use: a little, extremely, fairly, rather, slightly, really, very.
Before extreme or absolute adjectives, use: absolutely, completely, really, totally.

- **3** Read the description again and find:
  - 1 four examples of adverbs + gradable adjectives
  - 2 three examples of adverbs + extreme or absolute adjectives
  - 3 an adverb that can go with any type of adjective

- 4 Circle the correct option. Then complete the sentences with your own ideas.
  - **1** David is **extremely/absolutely** hilarious; he often (...).
  - 2 He's fairly/completely tall and he has totally/very short (...).
  - 3 He's a really/very wonderful friend because (...).
  - 4 He can occasionally be a **little/totally** stubborn and **completely/slightly** pessimistic, but (...) .
  - **5** Although he's **really/fairly** terrible at sports, he (...) .
  - **6** I think that David is **a very/an absolutely** fantastic person and I (...) .
- **5** Complete the anecdote with suitable words from exercise 4.

I remember one time we went camping with my friends. When we arrived, it was raining				
heavily and we got 1				
putting our 2	old tent up. Then			
we discovered we'd left most of our food				
behind. I was 3	furious, but Serena			
just laughed. She's 4	creative with			
food and <b>5</b>	sensible, and she was			
determined to have fun. She quickly cooked				
something with the ingredients we had – it				
was a/an <b>6</b>	interesting meal and			
7 delicious	! It was a/an <b>8</b>			
unforgettable experie	ence.			

**6** Find all the adjectives in the text in exercise 1. Use them to write your own sentences about people you know. Add the adverbs in the box.

absolutely extremely quite rather very

My best friend is **very** supportive and **extremely** thoughtful.

**7** Write a description of an interesting person. Follow the steps in the Skills boost.

#### SKILLS BOOST



Choose a person to write about. It can be someone you know well, an acquaintance or an imaginary person.

Make notes about the person. Include how you met them, details of their appearance and character, and an anecdote about them. Note any useful vocabulary from the model text or unit.

P	E	P	Δ	R	E

THINK

Look at the paragraph plan in exercise 2 and organize your notes into four paragraphs.

Look at the adverbs in the Subskill and decide which to use and where to use them.

#### **WRITE**

Write your description. Use the model to help you.

#### CHECK

Read your description and answer the questions.

- **1** Have you used a variety of the tenses from the unit?
- 2 Have you used personality adjectives and adjectives describing characteristics?
- **3** Did you make and follow a paragraph plan?
- **4** Have you used adverbs with gradable, extreme and absolute adjectives?

8 Peer review Exchange your description with another student. Did they include all the things in the checklist?

### **Quick review**

exercise 1.
Inces about
Grammar

Past tenses

We use the simple past to talk about finished actions or states in the past.

He **started** wearing only purple clothes.

We use the past progressive to talk about actions in progress at a time in the past and to set the scene for descriptions.

While I was waiting for the bus, my friend arrived.
The sun was shining and everyone was feeling happy.

We use *used to* to talk about past habits or states that are no longer true.

I **used to be** very stubborn, but I'm more flexible now.

### Present perfect and present perfect progressive

We use the present perfect to talk about actions or states that started in the past and continue in the present. We use the present perfect progressive to emphasize duration and for repeated actions when the focus is on the action or process.

I've lived here for ten years.

He's been making a video. He's filmed it, but he hasn't edited it vet.

We've been going on vacation to Spain for years.

#### Past perfect and simple past

We use the past perfect to talk about an event that had happened before another event in the past. We use the simple past for a more recent event.

The movie **had** already **started** when we **arrived** at the movie theater.

#### Past perfect progressive

We use the past perfect progressive to talk about an action that started in the past and continued up to another time in the past, to emphasize the duration of an action before another action in the past and to talk about cause and effect.

We **had been walking** for hours before we arrived. My face was red because I **had been running**.

#### Vocabulary

#### **◄**»<sup>7</sup> Personal qualities

confident, creative, enthusiastic, generous, hard-working, patient, polite, reliable, sensible, sociable

#### **♦**98 Describing personal characteristics

aggressive, arrogant, chatty, clumsy, competitive, cruel, determined, grumpy, likeable, modest, outgoing, selfish, sensitive, stubborn, supportive, thoughtful

#### **◄** 99 Phrasal verbs: three-part verbs

come up with, do away with, get along with, get around to, get away with, go in for, go on about, live up to, look out for, run out of





What makes you the person you are?

**TASK:** Create a poster about your personal identity including a selfportrait and a description of yourself.

#### **Learning outcomes**

- 1 I can make a poster about personal identity.
- 2 I can use appropriate grammar and vocabulary from the unit.
- 3 I can use visuals to communicate my ideas.

**Graphic organizer** → Project planner p130

**1** Watch a video of a student presenting his poster about personal identity. What fun fact about himself does he include?



#### STEP 1: THINK ••••

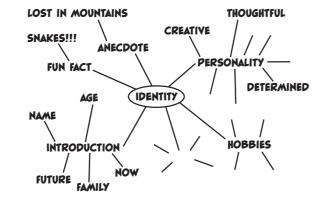
- 2 In what order do you think a-e should appear in a description of personal identity?
  - a a fun fact

22

- **b** a description of your appearance and personality
- **c** a brief introduction about yourself
- **d** a personal anecdote
- **e** your hobbies and interests
- **3** Read the Model project and check your guesses.

#### STEP 2: PLAN ••••

4 Look at the start of Jake's mind map and the Model project. What information is missing?



**5** Read the *How to* ... tips on p130 and create a mind map for your poster.

#### STEP 3: CREATE ...

6 Work in pairs. Read the tips in the Super skills box and practice saying the Key phrases with a partner.

#### COMMUNICATION





Using visuals to communicate your ideas

#### Tips

Decide what you want to communicate. Choose or create visuals that best represent your ideas in an attractive and interesting way.

#### **Key phrases**

I used (images/drawings) to represent ... I put (the personality adjectives) here because I wanted to suggest that ...

I wanted to show that (my interests are things I think about), so I ...

I used (these pictures) because I thought they were (clear and attractive).

I thought that (using colors) like this was a powerful way to (show my personality).

This represents/gives the message ...

### Model project

Fact file Age: 16

> From: Newcastle, England Family: mother, father, two sisters

Occupation: student Career aspiration: advertising

I'm quite tall and I have fairly long dark brown hair, which is a little wavy. My eves are brown. I'm really creative and my friends say I'm always coming up with rather interesting ideas - I haven't run out of them yet! I'm very sociable and I get along with most people, although I can be guite shy with new people. I'd say I'm determined, reliable and thoughtful, too. I can be a little lazy and I don't always get around to finishing things I've started. People

# WHO AM 1?

My passions are art and music, and I can sing and play the guitar. I also love drawing and painting. I enjoy going to the movies or hanging out with friends.

> don't really like sports, but I love being outside as long as there are no snakes. They absolutely terrify me!

Once, I got lost on a mountain when I was younger. I'd been walking there with my family and I went down to the river to get more water. When I returned, I took the wrong path. Luckily, my phone was still working, so I called my dad and we managed to meet up two hours later!

**7** Create your poster.

have said I can be a bit

stubborn sometimes!

**8** Prepare and practice your presentation. Refer to the visuals, and use the tips and Key phrases in the Super skills box.

#### STEP 4: PRESENT •••

- **9** Give your presentation to the class and answer any questions.
- **10** Peer review Listen to the other presentations and answer the questions.
  - 1 Which poster(s) do you think explain the person's identity best? Why?
  - 2 Which poster(s) do you think have the most creative artwork? Give your reasons.

### FINAL REFLECTION

1 The task

Were your mind map and poster well organized and complete?



Super skill



Did you use visuals to communicate your ideas in an interesting and attractive way?



3 Language

Did you use new language from this unit? Give examples.





Is it important to know your own strengths and weaknesses? When is this useful?

**Beyond the task**